

Prepositional
Phrase

Main or
Finite Verb

Present
Participle

Past
Participle

Independent
Main Clause

Dependant
Clause

Subject

Object

Indirect
Object

The part of the verb that ends in –ing.

A finite verb is one that shows number (singular or plural), person (I, you, she etc), and tense (present or past).

A group of words made up of a preposition and its object. E.g. The book **with the tattered cover** has been read many times. The present **inside the big box** is mine.

A group of words that gives further information about the main clause; it contains a main verb but cannot stand alone because it is introduced by a subordinating conjunction.

A group of words that contains a subject and a main verb and so can make a complete statement without the help of another clause.

The part of the verb that end in –en, -t, -ed.

An indirect object answers the question “to whom?”, “for whom?”, “for what?” There must be a direct object for an indirect object to be placed in a sentence. E.g. They sent **him** a letter.

The person (or thing) for, or to, or on whom the action of the verb in the main clause is performed.

The person (or thing) by whom the action of the verb in the main clause is performed.